

# Walking the Dog Fast in Practice: Algorithm Engineering of the Fréchet Distance

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### Fréchet Distance

- Curve similarity measure
- Applications:
  - Signature verification
  - Analysis of animal trajectories
  - Trajectory clustering
- Hard in theory
  - Algorithm:  $\mathcal{O}(n^2)$  [AG'95]
  - Conditional lower bound: no  $n^{1.99}$  algorithm [B'14]
- **Easy to compute in practice?**

**Intuition:**

**Formal Definition:**

$$d_F(\pi, \sigma) := \min_{f \in \mathcal{T}_\pi, g \in \mathcal{T}_\sigma} \max_{t \in [0,1]} \|\pi_{f(t)} - \sigma_{g(t)}\|$$

$\pi, \sigma =$  polygonal curves  
 $\mathcal{T}_\pi =$  monotone, continuous traversals of  $\pi$   
 $\mathcal{T}_\sigma =$  monotone, continuous traversals of  $\sigma$

**Curves:**

Decision distance  $\delta$ :

**Corresponding Free-Space Diagram:**

monotone!

### Algorithm

- Divide & conquer
- Use pruning rules to reduce search space
- **Main challenge:** develop such pruning rules
- Practical runtime depends on input structure

### Pseudocode

```

1: procedure DECIDEFRÉCHETDISTANCE( $\pi, \sigma$ )
2:   COMPUTEOUTPUTS( $\pi, \sigma, [1, n] \times [1, m]$ )
3:   return  $[(n, m) \in R]$ 

4: procedure COMPUTEOUTPUTS( $\pi, \sigma, B$ )
5:   if  $B$  is a cell then
6:     compute outputs by cell propagation
7:   else
8:     use rules I to IV to compute outputs of  $B$ 
9:   if not all outputs have been computed then
10:    Split  $B$  horizontally/vertically into  $B_1, B_2$ 
11:    COMPUTEOUTPUTS( $\pi, \sigma, B_1$ )
12:    COMPUTEOUTPUTS( $\pi, \sigma, B_2$ )

```

### Tool: Simple Intervals

Point and subcurve:

Free-space box:

#### Pruning Rule I:

#### Pruning Rule II:

#### Pruning Rule IIIa:

#### Pruning Rule IIIb:

#### Pruning Rule IIIc:

#### Pruning Rule IV:

### Experiments

- Comparison to winners of SIGSPATIAL GIS Cup 2017
- Experiments on 3 data sets
- Up to **more than two orders of magnitude faster**

SIGSPATIAL:

GEOLIFE:

k	0	1	10	100	1000
GIS1	0.094	0.123	0.322	1.812	8.408
GIS2	0.421	0.618	1.711	7.86	35.704
GIS3	0.197	0.188	0.643	5.564	76.144
ours	0.017	0.007	0.026	0.130	0.490

k	0	1	10	100	1000
GIS1	0.298	0.741	4.327	33.034	109.44
GIS2	3.627	6.067	26.343	120.509	415.548
GIS3	2.614	4.112	16.428	166.206	1352.19
ours	0.027	0.089	0.341	1.108	3.642

**Reference**  
 Bringmann, Künnemann, Nusser. Walking the Dog Fast in Practice: Algorithm Engineering of the Fréchet Distance. In SoCG 2019.

